Skill practice 1

In the following sentences, circle the Definition Markers, highlight the technical terms, and underline the definitions. The first one has been done for you as an example.

2 Internal migration – i.e. movements of people within a country – is determined largely economic factors.

3 Voiceless sounds are sounds that are produced with no vibration of the vocal cords.

4 Some birth defects in unborn children can be diagnosed by amniocentesis, a procedure in which fluid is taken from the amniotic sac surrounding the child and analyzed.

5 Frustration may be defined as the unpleasant feelings that result when a desired goal is not achieved.

6 Prejudice is an unfair judgment that people make before they have all the facts.

7 Discrimination, on the other hand, is behavior in favor of or, more usually, against a person or a group and is often based on prejudice.

8 A disease may be endemic; in the other word, it is always present in a community or in a region, but in relatively low numbers of cases.

9 A sudden outbreak of a disease affecting large numbers of people in a community or region during a given period of time is referred to as an epidemic.

10 Significance, a statement of how likely it is that a research result has occurred by chance and not as a result of some other factor, is a term in statistics.

Skill practice 2

In the following paragraphs, circle the Classification Markers. Then draw a diagram sowing the classification. The first one has been done for you as an example.

2 phonetics articulatory

acoustic

3 perception selective attention

organization

4 Status ascribed

achieved

5 motivation intrinsic

extrinsic

Skill practice 3

1. Acoustic phonetics: speech creats waves of pressure that move through the air.

2. Perception: the complex process by which we make sense of incoming sensory information.

3. Selective attention: refers to our ability to focus our attention on one aspect of the massive amount of information that our sense are experiencing at a given moment.

4. Achieved status: a social position that an individual reaches through choice, ability and competition.

5. Extrinsic motivation: a desire that results form outside incentives- the rewards or sanctions the individual may receive for doing or failing to do something.

6. Intrinsic motivation: desire to perform a task successfully for its own sake.

Reading 1

MAIN IDEA CHECK

2-4-5-1-3-7-6-8

A CLOSER LOOK

1. A,B,C
2. A,C
3. TRUE

VOCABULARY STUDY; SYNONYMS

1. Impression
2. Uniform
3. Variation
4. Extensively
5. Observe
6. Illustrated
7. Identify
8. Labeled
9. Casual
10. Social situations
11. Superior
12. Peer
13. Subordination
14. Interaction
15. Sociolinguists

VOVABULARY STUDY: WORDS IN CONTEXT

1. Relevant to
2. Vary
3. Equivalent
4. Gender
5. Refers to
6. Component
7. Phrase
8. Colleagues
9. Combine
10. Appropriate

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